



The Synchronization Experts.



TECHNICAL REFERENCE

LANTIME

M320/GPS

February 1, 2023

Meinberg Funkuhren GmbH & Co. KG

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1 Imprint

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3 Presentation Conventions in this Manual

3.1 Conventions for the Presentation of Critical Safety Warnings

Warnings are indicated with the following warning boxes, using the following signal words, colors, and symbols:



Caution!

This signal word indicates a hazard with a **low risk level**. Such a notice refers to a procedure or other action that may result in **minor injury** if not observed or if improperly performed.



Warning!

This signal indicates a hazard with a **medium risk level**. Such a notice refers to a procedure or other action that may result in **serious injury** or even **death** if not observed or if improperly performed.



Danger!

This signal word indicates a hazard with a **high risk level**. Such a notice refers to a procedure or other action that will very likely result in **serious injury** or even **death** if not observed or if improperly performed.

3.2 Secondary Symbols Used in Safety Warnings

Some warning boxes may feature a secondary symbol that emphasizes the defining nature of a hazard or risk.



The presence of an "electrical hazard" symbol is indicative of a risk of electric shock or lightning strike.



The presence of a "fall hazard" symbol is indicative of a risk of falling when performing work at height.



Das Symbol "laser hazard" symbol is indicative of a risk relating to laser radiation.

3.3 Conventions for the Presentation of Other Important Information

Beyond the above safety-related warning boxes, the following warning and information boxes are also used to indicate risks of product damage, data loss, and information security breaches, and also to provide general information for the sake of clarity, convenience, and optimum operation:



Important!

Warnings of risks of product damage, data loss, and also information security risks are indicated with this type of warning box.



Information:

Additional information that may be relevant for improving efficiency or avoiding confusion or misunderstandings is provided in this form.

3.4 Generally Applicable Symbols

The following symbols and pictograms are also used in a broader context in this manual and on the product.



The presence of the "ESD" symbol is indicative of a risk of product damage caused by electrostatic discharge.



Direct current (DC) (*symbol definition IEC 60417-5031*)



Alternating current (AC) (*symbol definition IEC 60417-5032*)



Ground connection (*symbol definition IEC 60417-5017*)



Protective earth connection (*symbol definition IEC 60417-5019*)

4 Important Safety Information



The safety information provided in this chapter as well as specific safety warnings provided at relevant points in this manual must be observed during every installation, set-up, and operation procedure of the device, as well as its removal from service.

Any safety warnings affixed to the device itself must also be observed.

Any failure to observe this safety information, these safety warnings, and other safety-critical operating instructions in the product documentation, or any other improper usage of the device may result in unpredictable behavior from the product, and may result in injury or death.

Depending on your specific device configuration and installed options, some safety information may not be applicable to your device.

Meinberg accepts no responsibility for injury or death arising from a failure to observe the safety information, warnings, and safety-critical instructions provided in the product documentation.

It is the responsibility of the operator to ensure that the product is safely and properly used.

Should you require additional assistance or advice on safety-related matters for your product, Meinberg's Technical Support team will be happy to assist you at any time. Simply send a mail to techsupport@meinberg.de.

4.1 Appropriate Usage



The device must only be used appropriately in accordance with the specifications of the product documentation! Appropriate usage is defined exclusively by this manual as well as any other relevant documentation provided directly by Meinberg.

Appropriate usage includes in particular compliance with specified limits! The device's operating parameters must never exceed or fall below these limits!

4.2 Product Documentation

The information in this manual is intended for readers with an appropriate degree of safety awareness. The following are deemed to possess such an appropriate degree of safety awareness:

- skilled persons with a familiarity with relevant national safety standards and regulations,
- instructed persons having received suitable instruction from a skilled person on relevant national safety standards and regulations



If there is any safety information in the product documentation that you do not understand, **do not** continue with the set-up or operation of the device!

Read the product manual carefully and completely before you set the product up for use.

Safety standards and regulations change on a regular basis and Meinberg updates the corresponding safety information and warnings to reflect these changes. It is therefore recommended to visit the Meinberg website at <https://www.meinbergglobal.com> regularly to download up-to-date manuals.

Please keep all product documentation, including this manual, in a safe place in digital or printed format to ensure that it is always easily accessible.

Meinberg's Technical Support team is also always available at techsupport@meinberg.de if you require additional assistance or advice on safety aspects of your system.

4.3 Safety when Installing the Device

This rack-mounted device has been designed and tested in accordance with the requirements of the standard IEC 62368-1 (*Audio/Video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment—Part 1: Safety Requirements*). Where the rack-mounted device is to be installed in a larger unit (such as an electrical enclosure), additional requirements in the IEC 62368-1 standard may apply that must be observed and complied with. General requirements regarding the safety of electrical equipment (such as IEC, VDE, DIN, ANSI) and applicable national standards must be observed in particular.

The device has been developed for use in industrial or home environments and may only be used in such environments. In environments at risk of high environmental conductivity ("high pollution degree" according to IEC 60664-1), additional measures such as installation of the device in an air-conditioned electrical cabinet may be necessary.



If the unit has been brought into the usage area from a cold environment, condensation may develop; in this case, wait until the unit has adjusted to the temperature and is completely dry before setting it up.

When unpacking & setting up the equipment, and before operating it, be sure to read the information on installing the hardware and the specifications of the device. These include in particular dimensions, electrical characteristics, and necessary environmental conditions.

Fire safety standards must be upheld with the device in its installed state.

The device with the highest mass should be installed at the lowest position in the rack in order to position the center of gravity of the rack as a whole as low as possible and minimize the risk of the rack tipping over. Further devices should be installed from the bottom, working your way up.

The device must be protected against mechanical & physical stresses such as vibration or shock.

Never drill holes into the device to mount it! If you are experiencing difficulties with rack installation, contact Meinberg's Technical Support team for assistance!

Inspect the device housing before installation. The device housing must be free of any damage when it is installed.

4.4 Electrical Safety

This Meinberg product is operated at a hazardous voltage.

This system may only be set up and connected by a skilled person, or by an instructed person who has received appropriate technical & safety training from a skilled person.

Custom cables may only be assembled by a qualified electrician.

This Meinberg product uses hot-pluggable power supply modules that can be replaced while the system is in operation. When removing a hot-pluggable power supply module, the power cable plug must **always** be disconnected beforehand!

Never work on cables carrying a live current!

Never use cables or connectors that are visibly damaged or known to be defective! Faulty, defective, or improperly connected shielding, connectors, or cables present a risk of injury or death due to electric shock and may also constitute a fire hazard!

Before operating the device, check that all cables are in good order. Ensure in particular that the cables are undamaged (for example, kinks), that they are not wound too tightly around corners, and that no objects are placed on the cables.

Cables must be laid in such a way that they do not present a tripping hazard.

The power supply should be connected using a short, low-inductance cable. Avoid the use of power strips or extension cables if possible. If the use of such a device is unavoidable, ensure that it is expressly rated for the rated currents of all connected devices.

Never connect or disconnect power, data, or signal cables during a thunderstorm! Doing so presents a risk of injury or death, as cables and connectors may conduct very high voltages in the event of a lightning strike!

The device cables must be connected or disconnected in the order specified in the user documentation for the device. Connect all cables only while the device is de-energized before you connect the power supply.

Always pull cable connectors out at both ends before performing work on connectors! Improperly connecting or disconnecting this Meinberg system may result in electric shock, possibly resulting in injury or death!

When pulling out a connector, **never** pull on the cable itself! Pulling on the cable may cause the plug to become detached from the connector or cause damage to the connector itself. This presents a risk of direct contact with live components.



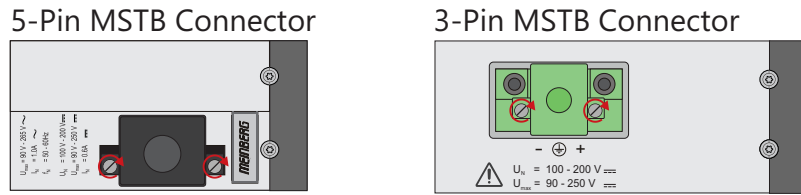


Fig.: Lock screws on an MSTB plug connector; in this case on a LANTIME M320

Ensure that all plug connections are secure. In particular, when using plug connectors with lock screws, ensure that the lock screws are securely tightened. This is especially important for power supply connectors where 3-pin or 5-pin MSTB connectors with lock screws are used (see illustration).

Before the device is connected to the power supply, the device housing must be grounded by connecting a grounding conductor to the grounding terminal of the device.

When installing the device in an electrical enclosure, it must be ensured that adequate clearance is provided, minimum creepage distances to adjacent conductors are maintained, and that there is no risk of short circuits.

Protect the device from the ingress of objects or liquids!

If the device malfunctions or requires servicing (for example, due to damage to the housing, power supply cable, or the ingress of liquids or objects), the power supply may be cut off. In this case, the device must be isolated immediately and physically from all power supplies! Electrical isolation must be performed and confirmed in accordance with the following procedure:

- Pull the power supply plug from the power supply.
- Loosen the locking screws of the MSTB power supply plug on the device and pull it out of the device.
- Contact the person responsible for your electrical infrastructure.
- If your device is connected to one or more uninterruptible power supplies (UPS), the direct power supply connection between the device and the UPS solution must be first be disconnected.



4.4.1 Special Information for Devices with AC Power Supply



This device is a Protection Class 1 device and may only be connected to a grounded outlet (TN system).

For safe operation, the installation must be protected by a fuse rated for currents not exceeding 16 A and equipped with a residual-current circuit breaker in accordance with applicable national standards.

The appliance must only ever be disconnected from the mains power supply via the mains socket and not from the appliance itself.

Make sure that the mains socket on the appliance or the mains socket of the house installation is readily accessible for the user so that the mains cable can be pulled out of the socket in an emergency.

Non-compliant cabling or improperly grounded sockets are an electrical hazard!

Only connect the appliance to a grounded shockproof socket using a safety-tested mains cable designed for use in the country of operation.

4.4.2 Special Information for Devices with DC Power Supply



In accordance with IEC 62368-1, it must be possible to disconnect the appliance from the supply voltage from a point other than the appliance itself (e.g., from the primary circuit breaker).

The power supply plug may only be fitted or dismantled while the appliance is isolated from the power supply (e.g., disconnected via the primary circuit breaker).

Power supply cables must have adequate fuse protection and have an adequate wire gauge size (1 mm^2 — 2.5 mm^2 / 17 AWG — 13 AWG)

The power supply of the device must have a suitable on-demand disconnection mechanism (i.e., a switch). This disconnection mechanism must be readily accessible in the vicinity of the appliance and marked accordingly as a cut-off mechanism for the appliance.

4.5 Safety when Maintaining and Cleaning the Device



Only use a soft, dry cloth to clean the device.

Never use liquids such as detergents or solvents to clean the device! The ingress of liquids into the device housing may cause short circuits in the electronic circuitry, which in turn can cause a fire or electric shock!

Neither the device nor its individual components may be opened. The device or its components may only be repaired by the manufacturer or by authorized personnel. Improperly performed repairs can put the user at significant risk!

In particular, **never** open a power supply unit or module, as hazardous voltages may be present within the power supply device even after it is isolated from the upstream voltage. If a power supply unit or module is no longer functional (for example due to a defect), it can be returned to Meinberg for repair.

Some components of the device may become very hot during operation. Do not touch these surfaces!

If maintenance work is to be performed on the device and the device housing is still hot, switch off the device beforehand and allow it to cool.

4.6 Battery Safety



The lithium battery on the receiver module has a service life of at least 10 years.

Should it be necessary to replace the battery, please note the following:

- The battery may only be replaced by the same type or a comparable type recommended by the manufacturer.
- The battery may only be replaced by the manufacturer or authorized personnel.
- The battery must not be exposed to air pressure levels outside of the limits specified by the manufacturer.

Improper handling of the battery may result in the battery exploding or in leakages of flammable or corrosive liquids or gases.

- Never short-circuit the battery!
- Never attempt to recharge the battery!
- Never throw the battery in a fire or dispose of it in an oven!
- Never dispose of the battery in a mechanical shredder!

5 Important Product Information

5.1 CE Marking

This product bears the CE mark as is required to introduce the product into the EU Single Market.



The use of this mark is a declaration that the product is compliant with all requirements of the EU directives effective and applicable as at the time of manufacture of the product. These directives are listed in the EU Declaration of Conformity, appended to this manual as Chapter 14.

5.2 UKCA Marking

This product bears the British UKCA mark as is required to introduce the product into the United Kingdom (excluding Northern Ireland, where the CE marking remains valid).



The use of this mark is a declaration that the product is in conformity with all requirements of the UK statutory instruments applicable and effect as at the time of manufacture of the product. These statutory instruments are listed in the UK Declaration of Conformity, appended to this manual as Chapter 15.

5.3 Ensuring the Optimum Operation of Your Device

- Ensure that ventilation slots are not obscured or blocked by dust, otherwise heat may build up inside the device. While the system is designed to shut down automatically in the event of temperature limits being exceeded, the risk of malfunctions and product damage following overheating cannot be entirely eliminated.
- The device is only deemed to be appropriately used and EMC limits (electromagnetic compatibility) are only deemed to be complied with while the device housing is fully assembled in order to ensure that requirements pertaining to cooling, fire safety, electrical shielding and (electro)magnetic shielding are upheld.

5.4 Maintenance and Modifications



Important!

Before performing any maintenance work on or authorized modification to your Meinberg system (such as installing or removing a power module), we recommend making a backup of any stored configuration data (e.g., to a USB flash drive from the Web Interface).

5.4.1 Replacing the Battery

Your device's receiver module is fitted with a lithium battery (type CR2032) that is responsible for the local storage of almanac data and for the ongoing operation of the real-time clock (RTC) in the reference clock.

This battery has a life of at least ten years. However, if the device develops the following unexpected behaviors, the voltage of the battery may have dropped below 3 V, and the battery needs to be replaced as a result:

- The reference clock has the wrong date or wrong date when the system is started.
- The reference clock repeatedly starts in Cold Boot mode (i.e., it keeps needing to find the satellites in view from scratch, resulting in the synchronization process taking a very long time)
- Some configuration options relating to the reference clock are lost every time the system is restarted.

In this case you should not replace the battery on your own. Please contact the Meinberg Technical Support team, you will provide you with precise guidance on how to perform the replacement.

5.5 Prevention of ESD Damage



An **ESDS device** (electrostatic discharge-sensitive device) is any device at risk of damage or malfunction due to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and thus requires special measures to prevent such damage or malfunction. Systems and modules with ESDS devices usually bear this symbol.

Precautionary measures should be taken to protect ESDS components from damage and malfunction.

- Before removing or installing ESDS components, ground your body first (for example, by touching a grounded object) before touching ESDS modules.
- Ensure that you wear a grounding strap on your wrist when handling such ESDS components. These straps must in turn be attached to an uncoated, non-conductive metal part of the system.
- Use only tools and equipment that are free of static electricity.
- Only touch or hold ESDS components by the edges. Never touch any pins or conductors on the ESDS components.
- When removing or installing ESDS components, avoid coming into contact with persons who are not grounded. Such contact may compromise your connection with the grounding conductor and thus also compromise the ESDS component's protection from any static charges you may be carrying.
- Always store ESDS components in ESD-proof ("antistatic") bags. These bags must not be damaged in any way. ESD-proof bags that are crumpled or have holes cannot provide effective protection against electrostatic discharges. ESD-proof bags must have a sufficient electrical resistance and must not be made of conductive metals if the ESDS components has a lithium battery fitted on it.

5.6 Disposal



Important!

Do not dispose of the product or batteries via the household waste. Inquire with your local waste disposal company or authority on how to best dispose of the product or battery if necessary.

Disposal of the Device



This product falls under the labeling obligations of the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive 2012/19/EU ("*WEEE Directive*") and thus bears this WEEE symbol. The presence of this symbol indicates that this electronic product may only be disposed of in accordance with the following provisions.

It can be returned to Meinberg for disposal. In this case, the shipping costs are to be borne by the customer, while Meinberg will cover the costs for disposal. If you wish for Meinberg to handle disposal for you, please get in touch with us. Otherwise, please use the return and collection systems provided within your country to ensure that your device is disposed of in a compliant fashion to protect the environment and conserve valuable resources.

This product is considered to be a "**B2B**" product for the purposes of the WEEE Directive and is also classified as "**IT and Telecommunications Equipment**" in accordance with Annex I of the Directive.

Disposal of Batteries

Please consult your local waste disposal regulations for information on the correct disposal of batteries as hazardous waste.

Disposal of Packaging Materials



The packaging materials that we use are fully recyclable:

Material	Use for	Disposal
Polystyrol	packaging frame/filling material (polystyrene peanuts, bubble wrap)	Recycling Depot
PE-LD Polyethylene low density	accessories packaging	Recycling Depot
Cardboard	shipping packaging, accessories packaging	Paper recycling

For information on the proper disposal of packaging materials in your specific country, please inquire with your local waste disposal company or authority.

6 Introduction to Your LANTIME Server

Thank you for purchasing your new LANTIME time server.

Meinberg's LANTIME Series M servers rely on proven, robust, and resilient technology to provide an absolute and highly precise NTP time reference in a variety of chassis types, whether for rack installation, DIN rail mounting, or desktop use.

The use of the NTP protocol allows LANTIME servers to be integrated into existing TCP/IP networks without the need to invest in additional network hardware, while maximizing the accuracy potential of this tried and trusted synchronization protocol, which has been a mainstay of computer networks for over 40 years.

If equipped with a receiver for a Stratum 0 time signal and correctly connected to directly receive such a signal, LANTIME servers can operate as Stratum 1 NTP servers, capable of serving extremely accurate time to over 15,000 NTP clients per second with accuracies of just a few milliseconds. LANTIME devices can be equipped with a variety of integrated GNSS receivers for Stratum 0 time reference sources, including the GPS, Galileo, BeiDou, and GLONASS satellite constellations, or long-wave radio signals (DCF77, MSF).

It is also possible to use external NTP servers as a time reference, or for servers to be fitted with special receivers to support other time reference sources such as IRIG time codes.

LANTIME servers can also be fitted with a variety of custom inputs and outputs. Your LANTIME server is equipped as standard with outputs for pulse-per-second (1PPS) and 10 MHz signals, and may also feature with a variety of other inputs and outputs, depending on the specifications provided by the purchaser.

LANTIME servers feature a custom Linux-based operating system that has been specifically developed by Meinberg for timing & synchronization applications. This operating system is regularly updated by Meinberg's software developers with bugfixes, security fixes, and new features. Updates are provided free of charge for the lifetime of your Meinberg server.

The primary user interface of your LANTIME server is the fully-featured Web Interface, which provides a multitude of configuration and monitoring options. It also features eight pushbuttons and an LCD panel for directly performing the most important configuration and monitoring tasks from the device itself, and the ability to connect to the device's command-line interface via SSH, Telnet, or a direct wired terminal connection. Software updates can also be uploaded and log files can be downloaded directly via FTP.

This Technical Reference only provides initial guidance on setting up your LANTIME system for use. To achieve optimum results with your LANTIME server, we recommend carefully studying the LANTIME OS manual, which is available to download at <http://www.mbg.link/docg-fw-ltos>.

7 Installation of the GPS or GNSS Antenna



Danger!

Do not mount the antenna without an effective fall arrester!

Danger of death from falling!

- Ensure that you work safely when installing antennas!
- Never work without an effective fall arrester!



Danger!

Do not work on the antenna system during thunderstorms!

Danger of death from electric shock!

- Do not carry out any work on the antenna system or the antenna cable if there is a risk of lightning strike.
- Do not carry out any work on the antenna system if it is not possible to maintain the prescribed safe distance to exposed lines and electrical substations.

Selecting the Antenna Location

To avoid difficulties with synchronization, select a location that allows for an unobstructed view of the sky so as to ensure that enough satellites can be found. The line of sight between the antenna and satellites should not be obstructed in any way. The antenna must also not be installed under power lines or other electrical lighting or power circuits.

Installation Conditions for Optimum Operation:

- clear view of 8° above the horizon or
- clear view towards equator (if clear view of 8° not possible) or
- clear view between 55th north and 55th south parallels (satellite orbits).

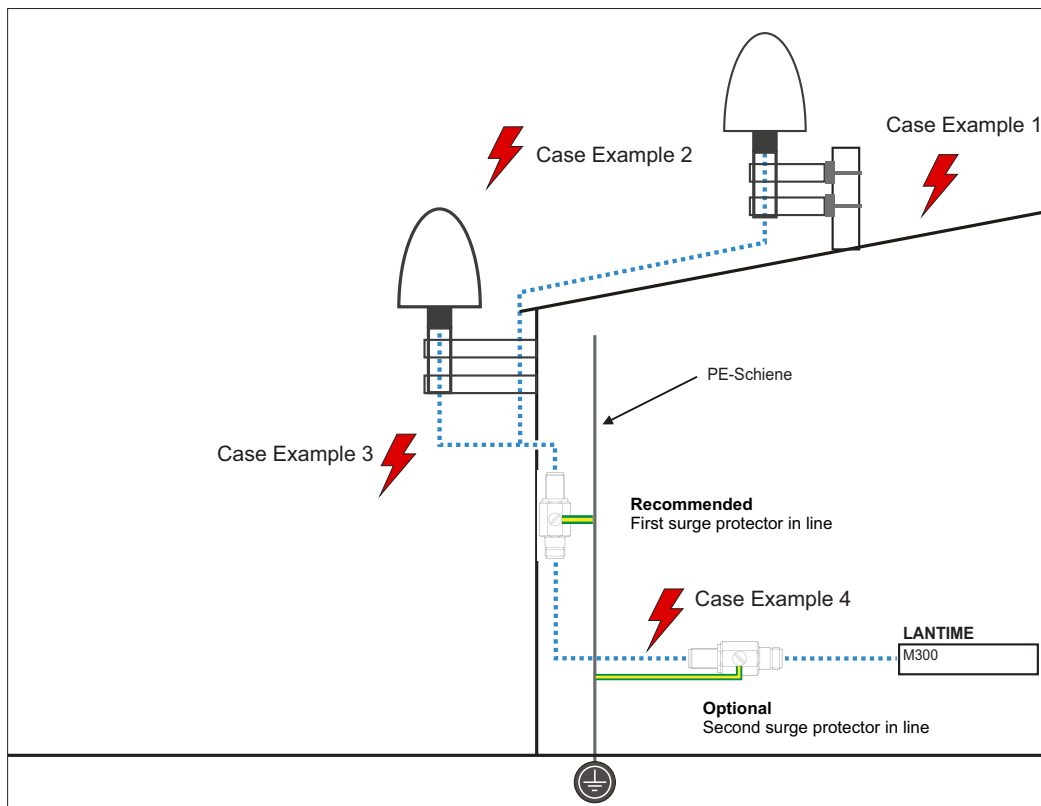


Information:

Problems may arise if all of these views are obstructed, as four satellites must be located to calculate a new position.

Important Information Regarding Surge Protection

The following illustration is a visual representation of where there is a risk of hazardous voltage surges in the cable route (from antenna to Meinberg system). The examples below explain how you can protect your Meinberg system from these.



Case Example 1:

An indirect lightning strike near the antenna or coaxial cable may induce transient voltages ("spikes" or "surges"). These spikes can be carried via the coaxial cable to the inside of the building and consequently to the system's receiver. It is therefore strongly recommended to have the surge protector installed at the point directly after the cable enters the building.

Case Example 2:

In the event of a direct lightning strike on the antenna, the resultant transient voltage may be discharged via the PE busbar (GNS L1 antenna only). This prevents the transient voltage from being carried to the coaxial cable and subsequently to the system's receiver.

Case Example 3:

If the length of the coaxial cable between the antenna and point of entry into the building is rather long (e.g., 10 meters), there is a greater risk of transient voltages being introduced into the antenna cable as a result of lightning strike. So the installation of a surge protector immediately after the point of entry into the building is also strongly recommended here.

Case Example 4:

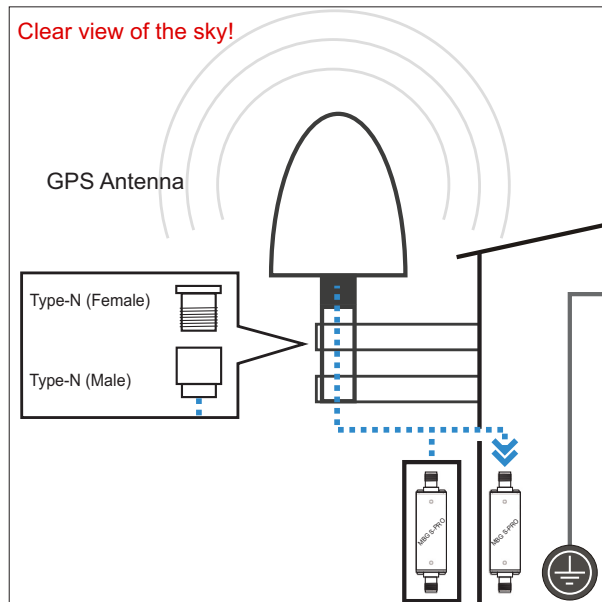
If the cable leading from the point of entry into the building to the Meinberg system is laid together with other cables (for example in a cable duct alongside high-voltage cables), transient voltages may "leak" into the antenna cable, causing damage to your system. To prevent this, a second surge protector can optionally be installed in the line just before the device.

Mounting the Antenna

1.

Use the included mounting kit to mount the antenna at a distance of 50 cm from other antennas, either on a vertical pole of a diameter of no more than 60 mm, or directly onto a wall.

The antenna cable should then be connected to the Type-N connector of the antenna. Feed the other end of the cable into the building through the wall.



Information:

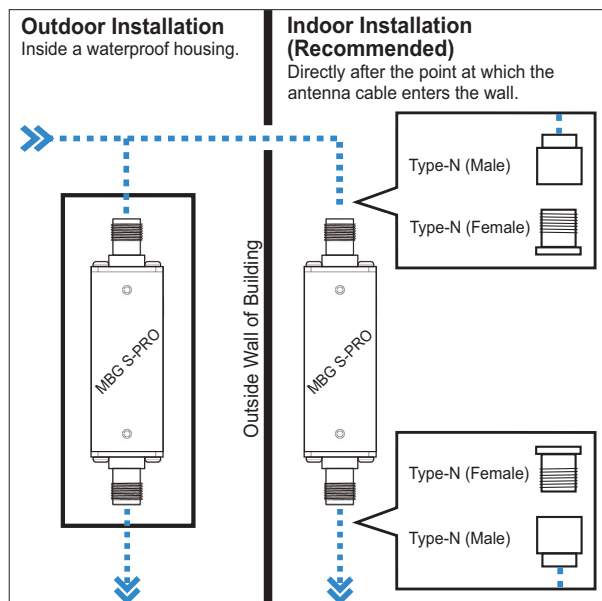
Make sure that the maximum cable length is not exceeded when installing the antenna cable between the antenna and receiver. The maximum length will depend on the type of cable used (RG213, RG58) and its attenuation factor.

2.

Voltage surges (e.g., caused by lightning strike) may be transmitted along the antenna cable and cause damage to the receiver. Using a MBG S-PRO surge protector can help to protect your receiver against such surges.

If installed in a waterproof enclosure, the MBG S-PRO can be installed outdoors. However, Meinberg recommends installing the surge protector indoors—as closely to the entrance point of the antenna cable as possible—in order to minimize the risk of surge damage (such as that caused by lightning strike).

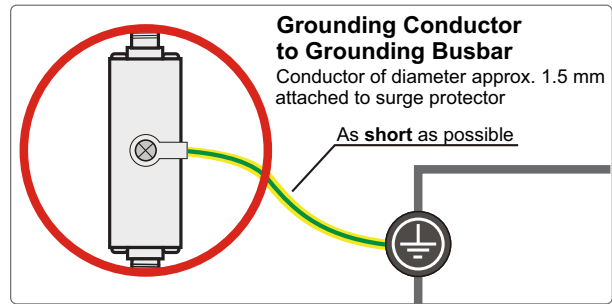
Connect the other end of the antenna cable to the female connector of the surge protector.



3.

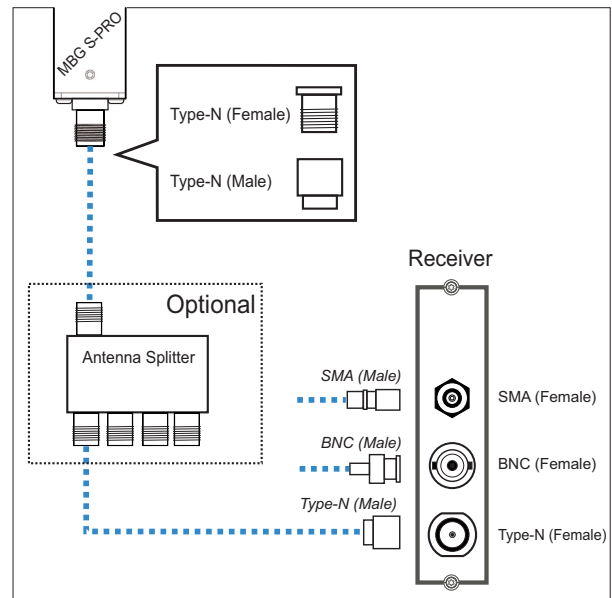
To ground the antenna cable, connect the surge protector to a grounding busbar using a grounding conductor (see illustration).

Once installation is complete, connect the other end of the antenna cable to the surge protector female connector.



4.

The next step is to connect the supplied coaxial cable from the surge protector to the receiver.



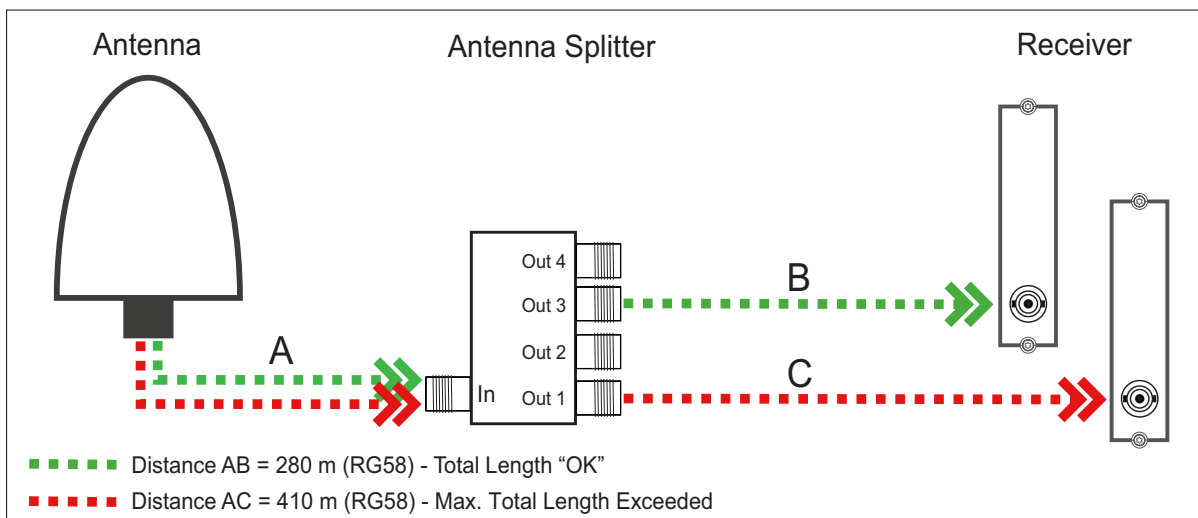
Optional Antenna Splitter

Multiple receivers can be connected to one antenna using the antenna splitter. When doing so, be aware that the total distance, comprising the cable from the antenna to the splitter, and from there to the receiver, must not exceed the maximum cable length. The splitter may be installed at any location between the surge protector and the receivers.



Information:

Please note for installation purposes that GNSS L1 components cannot be directly connected to or used with a Meinberg GPS antenna distributor.



Compensating for Signal Propagation Delay in the Antenna Cable

To enable the connected receiver to compensate for the signal propagation delay inherent in the antenna cable, you will need to enter either the length of your antenna cable in meters or the offset time in nanoseconds into your receiver.

Antenna Cable Length (m):

The satellite signal reception is delayed as a result of coaxial cable used.

Cable	Delay	Usage
RG58U	5 ns/m	For GPS and GNS-UC receivers
H155	4 ns/m	For GNS and GNM receivers

The cable length entered (from antenna to receiver) is used by the system to calculate the delay time and to automatically compensate for propagation delay. A value of 20 m is set by default.

When using a different type of coaxial cable, please use the "By Delay" option. You will need to calculate the delay yourself using the information provided in the product specifications provided by the manufacturer of your coaxial cable.

7.1 Antenna Short Circuit



Information:

This information only applies to devices with a front display.

If the antenna line is short-circuited, the following message will be shown on the display:

```
Antenna Short-Circuit  
Disconnect Power!!!
```

If this message appears, the LANTIME system must be switched off and the cause of the problem must be eliminated before the LANTIME system can be switched back on.

The supply voltage for the antenna/converter unit is around 15 V DC at the antenna input.

8 Connecting Your LANTIME System

Important!



- Please ensure that you have read and understood the safety information at the start of this manual before you connect your LANTIME system, and that you perform the procedure in the order listed here.
- This chapter assumes that you already have the requisite antenna infrastructure installed for your LANTIME system. If your LANTIME system has been shipped with a DC power supply, it also assumes that the requisite 5-pin MSTB power cable has been assembled for it by a qualified electrician.

You will need a **flat-blade screwdriver** (blade width 3 mm) and a **grounding conductor cable with a ring terminal** on hand to perform the connection procedure properly.

Procedure

1. Connect the BNC connector from your antenna or signal distributor to the antenna input of your LANTIME system. Twist the male connector in a clockwise direction to lock it into place.
2. Connect the LANTIME system to the relevant router or switch via which the server is to be accessible for management access and NTP traffic.
3. Insert the MSTB plug of your power cable into the corresponding connector of your LANTIME system. Tighten the two lock screws of the plug using a Torx T10 screwdriver and test the plug to ensure that it is secure.

If your LANTIME system is equipped with a redundant power supply module, you may also connect a second power cable to it.

4. While the power cable of the LANTIME system provides the primary connection to ground for the system, the chassis itself can also optionally be wired to a grounding busbar to further enhance device safety. If possible, connect the grounding terminal on the housing of your LANTIME system with the bonding busbar of your building using a grounding conductor cable with a ring terminal.

Refer to Chapter 12.1, "**Technical Specifications: LANTIME Chassis**", for more information on the location of the grounding terminal.

The screw, flat washer, and toothed washer required for the attachment of the grounding cable are provided on the grounding terminal of the housing. A grounding conductor is not provided with the device and must be provided by the operator.

Please ensure that your grounding cable has a core cross-section of at least 1.5 mm² and that the cable is properly crimped!

5. Connect any signal input/output cables in accordance with the specifications provided in Chapter 11, "**LANTIME M320 Rear Connectors**".
6. Connect the other end of the power cable (or power cables if using redundant power supply modules) to the power supply or supplies as appropriate. If necessary, switch your power source(s) on.

Assuming that your power source(s) are active, the green "**Power**" LED(s) for the relevant power supply module(s) should light up and the front panel display should show "Starting up ...please wait", before it indicates the progress of its startup process.

9 Configuring your LANTIME System for Your Network

IPv4 Network Configuration

1. Press the **F2** button **twice** on the front panel to open the setup menu of your LANTIME system.
2. Press the **OK** button to select "**Interfaces**".
3. You will be prompted to select the network interface. Select the appropriate interface and press **OK** to confirm.
4. You will be prompted to select whether you wish to configure your LANTIME system for your network using IPv4 addressing or IPv6 addressing. Select IPv4 using the arrow keys and press the **OK** button.
5. DHCP is "*enabled*" by default, which means that with an active DHCP server in the network, your LANTIME system will automatically be assigned an IP address. If you wish to use DHCP, Steps 6–8 below may be skipped.

If you wish to disable DHCP in order to assign a fixed IP address, select the corresponding option "**DHCP**" and select "*disabled*" using the up/down arrow keys.

6. To configure the device address, use the arrow keys to navigate to the **ADDR** option and press the **OK** button. You will then be prompted to enter the intended IPv4 address of your LANTIME system. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the value of each digit, and the left and right arrow keys to navigate between the digits. For octets of less than 100, please leave trailing zeros; it is not possible to enter spaces.
7. To configure the subnet mask, use the arrow keys to navigate to the **NETM** option and press the **OK** button. You will then be prompted to enter the subnet mask. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the value of each digit, and the left and right arrow keys to navigate between the digits. As above, please leave trailing zeros for octets of less than 100.
8. If you wish to configure a gateway, use the arrow keys to navigate to the **GW** option and press the **OK** button. You will then be prompted to enter the gateway address. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the value of each digit, and the left and right arrow keys to navigate between the digits. As above, please leave trailing zeros for octets of less than 100.
9. If you are satisfied with the changes that you have made, press the **F2** button to save them. The network configuration will take effect immediately; there is no need to restart the LANTIME system.

IPv6 Network Configuration

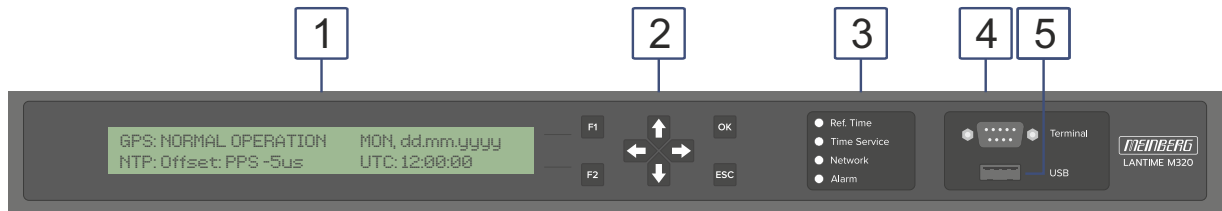
1. Press the **F2** button **twice** on the front panel to open the setup menu of your LANTIME system.
2. Press the **OK** button to select "**Interfaces**".
3. You will be prompted to select the network interface. Select the appropriate interface and press **OK** to confirm.
4. You will be prompted to select whether you wish to configure your LANTIME system for your network using IPv4 addressing or IPv6 addressing. Select IPv6 using the arrow keys and press the **OK** button.
5. If you wish to use IPv6 Autoconf, which is "*disabled*" by default, select the corresponding "**Auto Config**" option and use the up or down arrow keys to select "*enabled*". You may then skip Step 6 below.
6. To configure a link local or global address, use the arrow keys to navigate to the **Link Local** or one of the two global addresses **glob.Addr 1** or **glob.Addr 2** option and press the **OK** button. You will then be prompted to enter the intended IPv6 address of your LANTIME system. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the value of each character, and the left and right arrow keys to navigate between the digits. Please note that colons must also be entered manually.
7. If you are satisfied with the changes that you have made, press the **F2** button to save them. The network configuration will take effect immediately; there is no need to restart the LANTIME system.

Other Network Considerations

- Please note that UDP port 123 must be left open in your network to allow NTP traffic. This is a standard port that most routers and switches will have open by default, but if your network has a strict whitelisting policy, you may need to configure this manually.
- While the NTP protocol is designed to deal with a certain amount of network jitter, you should configure your managed switch (and any routers) to prioritize NTP traffic via QoS settings if it does not already do so. This will optimize your LANTIME system's performance by keeping latency between the NTP servers and clients consistent.

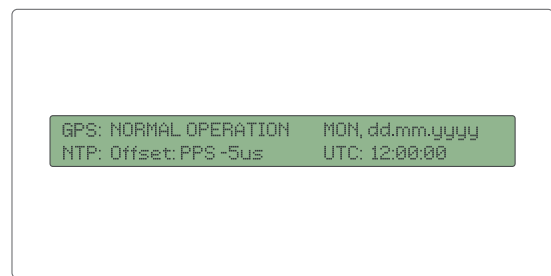
For further information regarding the network connectivity and network monitoring functions of your LANTIME system, please refer to the **LANTIME OS Configuration and Management Manual**, which is available for download from <http://www.mbg.link/docg-fw-ltos>.

10 LANTIME M320 Front Panel



1.

The main menu is displayed after the device has booted. The main menu provides the most important status information at a glance. The top line of the display shows the operating mode of the reference clock / reference time and will normally read "GNSS: NORMAL OPERATION".



On occasion, the receiver operating mode line may show other states:

GPS: COLD BOOT

This message will appear when the system has just been booted and must acquire all of the satellites required from scratch in order to determine its position. The appearance of this message is entirely normal when the system is started for the first time or is started after having been relocated to a place far away from where it was last operated.

Please note that synchronization can take a long time to complete from Cold Boot mode.

If this message appears repeatedly each time the LANTIME system is booted from the same geographical location, the internal CR2032 battery of your device's receiver may need to be replaced.

Refer to Chapter 5.4, "**Maintenance and Modifications**" for more information.

GPS: WARM BOOT

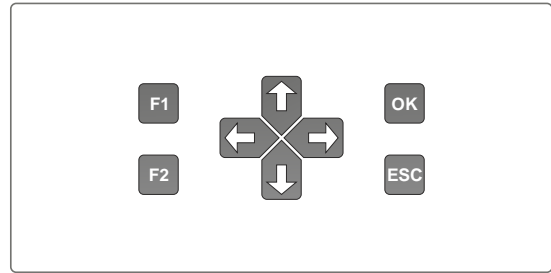
This message will appear when the system has just been booted and must re-acquire the satellites based on the ephemeris data that it has in memory from when it was last in operation. Synchronization should be achieved relatively quickly.

GPS: ANTENNA FAULTY

This message will appear if the LANTIME detects that the antenna connection is disrupted for any reason. The antenna cable and the antenna itself should be inspected.

2.

The four arrow buttons and the "OK", "ESC", "F1", and "F2" buttons on the keypad can be used to navigate through each menu in the display. The "ESC" button returns you to the previous menu; you can return to the main menu accordingly by pressing the "ESC" button several times, depending on the current location in the navigation tree.



3.

"Ref. Time"

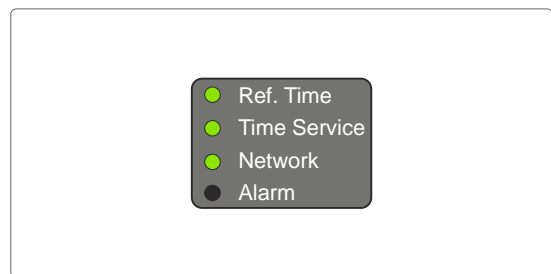
Green: The reference clock (i.e., the integrated GPS receiver) is providing a valid reference time.

Red: The reference clock is not providing a valid reference time.

"Time Service"

Green: NTP is synchronized with the reference clock (e.g., GPS)

Red: NTP is not synchronized or has switched to the "local clock"



"Network"

Green: All monitored network interfaces are connected and functional (link state is "up").

Red: There is a problem with at least one of the monitored network interfaces.

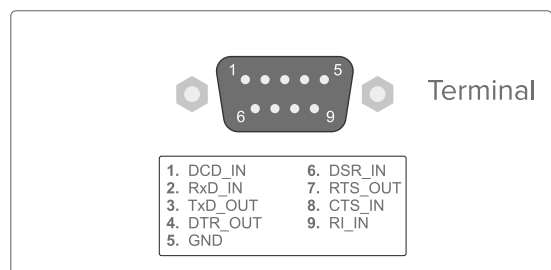
"Alarm"

Off: No error

Red: General error

4.

To connect a serial terminal, use the 9-pin D-Sub RS-232 connector on the front panel. A device's configuration parameters can be modified using a terminal program over a serial terminal connection. The LANTIME is connected with a PC using a null modem cable. The terminal program should be configured to communicate at 38400 baud, 8 data bits, no parity and one stop bit (8N1), with terminal emulation set to VT100. Once connected to the time server, the login message will be displayed, where you should enter the user name and password:

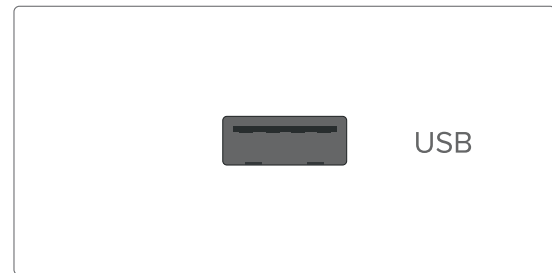


Default User: *root*; Password: *timeserver*

5.

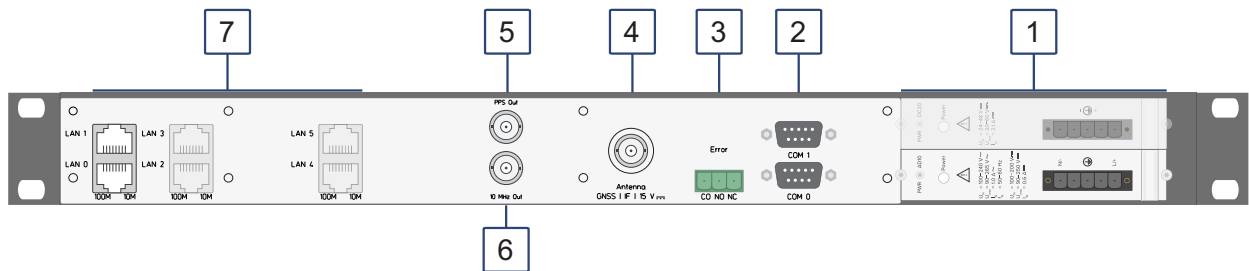
All M-series LANTIME devices have a USB interface that allow a USB storage medium such as a flash drive to be connected. USB storage media can be used for the following tasks:

- locking the keys on the LC display to prevent unauthorized access
- backing up the LANTIME configuration
- transferring configurations between individual LANTIMES
- copying log files



For further information regarding the network connectivity and network monitoring functions of your LANTIME system, please refer to the **LANTIME OS Configuration and Management Manual**, which is available for download from <http://www.mbg.link/docg-fw-ltos>.

11 LANTIME M320 Rear Connectors



Information:

The numbering above relates to the corresponding subsection in this chapter.

The drawing shows the inputs, outputs and power supply as well as the configuration options of a LAN-TIME M320/GPS/(LNE)/AD10(-DC20).

The following options are possible:

Network

(LNE)

2x additional network interfaces - LAN 2 + LAN 3

(2LNE)

4x additional network interfaces - LAN 2 + LAN 3 + LAN 4 + LAN 5

Power Supply

(AD10)

1x AC/DC power supply

$U_{\max} = 90-265 \text{ V} \sim$
 $90-250 \text{ V} \text{ ---}$

(DC20)

1x power supply

$U_{\max} = 20-60 \text{ V} \text{ ---}$

Redundant Power Supply Configurations:

(AD10-AD10)

2x AC/DC power supply

(DC20-DC20)

2x DC power supply

(AD10-DC20)

1x AC/DC power supply + 1x DC power supply

11.1 AC/DC Power Supply Connection

AC/DC Power Supply

Danger!

This equipment is operated at a hazardous voltage.

Danger of death from electric shock!

- This device must be connected by skill personnel or instructed personnel only.
- Never handle exposed terminals or plugs while the power is on.
- All connectors must provide protection against contact with live parts in the form of a suitable plug body!
- Always ensure that wiring is safe!
- The device must be grounded by means of a connection with a correctly installed protective earth conductor (PE).



AC/DC Power Supply Technical Specifications

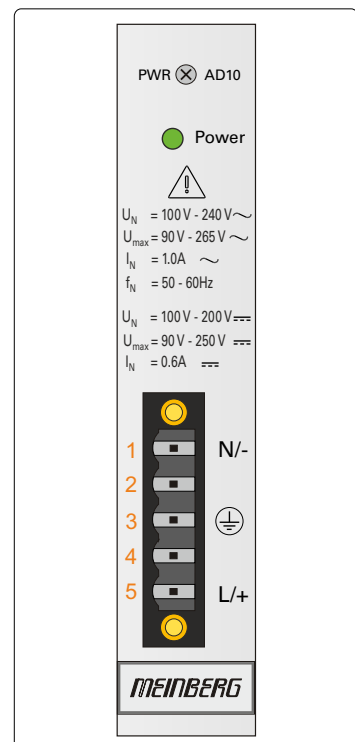
- Connector Type:** 5-Pin MSTB
- Pin Assignment:**
- 1: N/-
 - 2: Not Connected
 - 3: PE (Protective Earth)
 - 4: Not Connected
 - 5: L/+

Power Supply Specifications

Nominal Voltage Range:	U_N	=	100-240 V ~ 100-200 V ==
Rated Voltage Range:	U_{max}	=	90-265 V ~ 90-250 V ==
Nominal Current:	I_N	=	1.0 A ~ 0.6 A ==
Nominal Frequencies:	f_N	=	50-60 Hz
Rated Frequency Range:	f_{max}	=	47-63 Hz

Output Specifications

Maximum Power:	P_{max}	=	50 W
Max. Heat Output:	E_{therm}	=	180.00 kJ/h (170.61 BTU/h)



DC Power Supply Technical Specifications

Connector Type:	5-Pin MSTB
Pin Assignment:	1: Not Connected 2: V_{IN-} 3: PE (Protective Earth) 4: V_{IN+} 5: Not Connected

Power Supply Specifications

Nominal Voltage Range: $U_N = 24-48\text{ V} \text{ ---}$

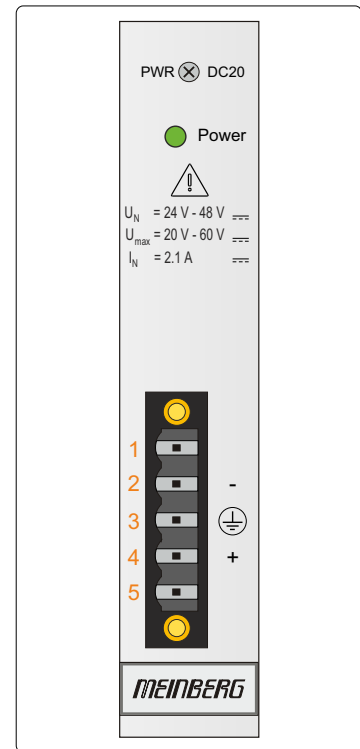
Rated Voltage Range: $U_{max} = 20-60\text{ V} \text{ ---}$

Nominal Current: $I_N = 2.10\text{ A} \text{ ---}$

Output Specifications

Max. Power: $P_{max} = 50\text{ W}$

Max. Heat Output: $E_{therm} = 180.00\text{ kJ/h (170.61 BTU/h)}$



Replacing a Hot-Pluggable Power Supply Module

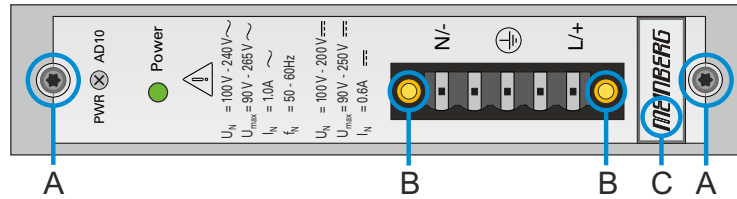


Information:

Only if the LANTIME is operated with a redundant power supply can either one of the power supply units be removed or installed from the system chassis while the device is in operation (for example, due to a fault in the PSU).

Required Tools

- Slotted Screwdriver: 0.4 mm Tip Thickness, 2.5 mm Tip Width
- Torx Screwdriver: TR8x60



1. Cut off the power supply to the module by pulling the mains plug of the power supply cable out of the mains socket.
2. Remove the 5-pin MSTB plug from the power supply unit after loosening the two screws (B) using the slotted screwdriver.
3. Use the Torx screwdriver (TR8) to remove the two Torx screws (A) of the power supply unit to be replaced.



Important!

Screw Torque (A)

The Torx screws (A) should be tightened with the specified max. torque of 0.6 Nm once the new power supply unit is installed.

4. The detached power supply can now be removed by the handle (C).
5. Insert the new power supply into the free slot and secure it using the two Torx fastening screws (A) that were used to secure the old power supply unit.
6. Connect the 5-pin MSTB connector of the power cable to the power supply and retighten the two clamping screws (B).
7. The power cable can now be reconnected to the power supply.
8. The status LED of the new power supply should now light up and an "OK" status should be displayed in the system's Web Interface.

Checking the Status of the Power Supply Unit

The status of the power supply units can be viewed in the Web Interface under "**System** → **Redundant Power Supply**". This status is dependent on the system, i.e., if one or more power supply units are installed, the status displayed in the Web Interface will reflect this.

11.2 COMx Time String: RS-232

Data Transfer: Serial

Baud Rate/Framing: 19200 / 8N1 (Default)

Time String: Meinberg Standard (Default)

Assignment:

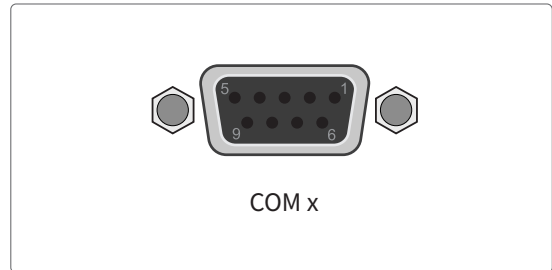
Pin 2: TxD (Transmit)

Pin 3: RxD (Receive)

Pin 5: GND (Ground)

Connection Type: D-Sub Female 9-Pin

Cable: RS-232 Null Modem Cable
(Shielded)



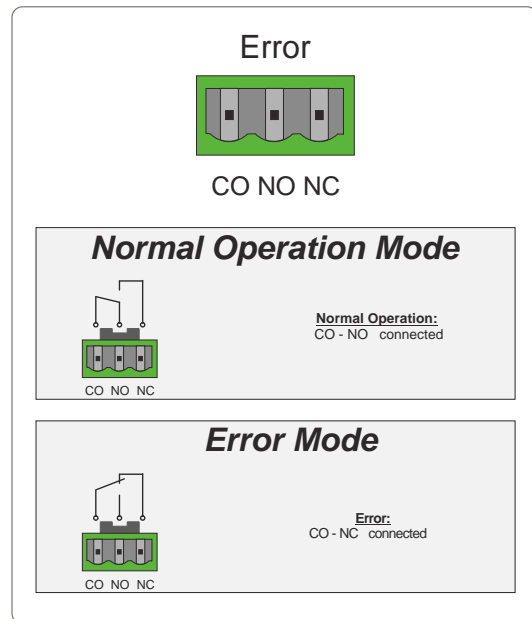
11.3 Error Relay

The device is equipped with a 3-pin relay output labeled with "Error". This 0 V ("dry") relay output is connected to the TTL TIME_SYNC output of the reference clock (GPS, PZF, TCR, etc.) Normally, when the internal reference clock has been synchronized to its source (GPS, DCF77, or IGIG), this relay will switch to "NO" (Normally Open) mode. However, if there is a poor antenna signal or the device has been switched off, the relay will fall back to "NC" (Normally Closed) mode.

This relay can also be switched to a "NO" state using messages, providing a variety of switch states at this output.

Technical Specifications

Max. Switching Voltage:	125 V DC 140 V AC
Max. Switching Current:	1 A
Max. Switching Load:	DC 30 W AC 60 VA
UL/CSA Switching Current:	0.46 A 140 V AC 0.46 A 65 V DC 1 A 30 V DC
Response Time:	Approx. 2 ms



Danger!

This equipment is operated at a hazardous voltage.

Danger of death from electric shock!



- Never work on open terminals and plugs while the power is on!
- When handling the connectors of the error relay cable, always disconnect both ends of the cable from their respective devices!
- Hazardous voltages may be passing through the terminal of the fault signal relay! Never handle the fault signal relay terminal while the signal voltage is present!

11.4 Antenna Input: GPS Reference Clock

Antenna Input Antenna Circuit, Galvanically Isolated

Dielectric Strength: 1000 V

Receiver Type: 12-Channel GPS Receiver

Signal Support: L1 C/A (1575.42 MHz)

Mixing Frequency

Reference Clock to Antenna
(GPS Converter): 10 MHz ¹

Intermediate Frequency

Antenna (GPS Converter)
to Reference Clock: 35.4 MHz ¹

¹ These frequencies are transferred via the antenna cable

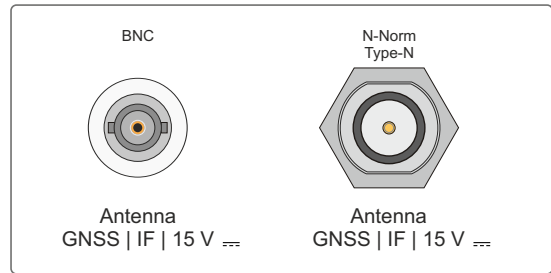
Power Requirements

of the Antenna: 15 V, 100 mA (Via Antenna Cable)

Connection Type: BNC Female/Type-N Female

Cable Type: Coaxial Cable, Shielded

Cable Length: Max. 300 m to RG58,
Max. 700 m to RG213



Danger!

Do not work on the antenna system during thunderstorms!

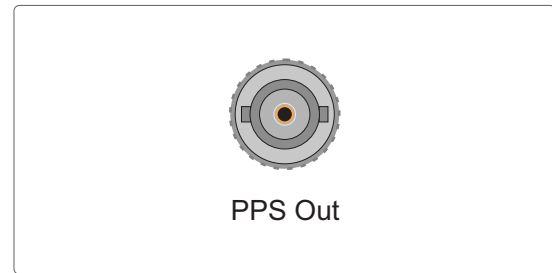
Danger of death from electric shock!

- Do not carry out any work on the antenna system or the antenna cable if there is a risk of lightning strike.
- Do not carry out any work on the antenna system if it is not possible to maintain the prescribed safe distance to exposed lines and electrical substations.



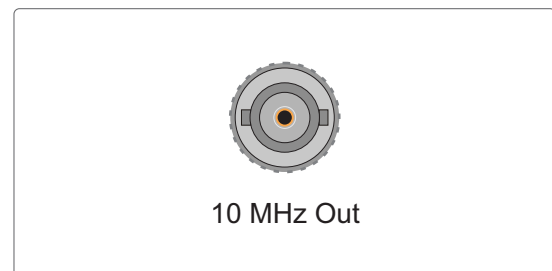
11.5 Pulse per Second Output

Output Signal:	PPS (Pulse per Second)
Signal Level:	TTL = 5 V (without load), 2.5 V (with 50 Ω load)
Rise Time:	typ. 4 ns
Fall Time:	typ. 4 ns
Pulse Length:	200 ms
Connector Type:	BNC Female
Cable:	Coaxial Cable, Shielded



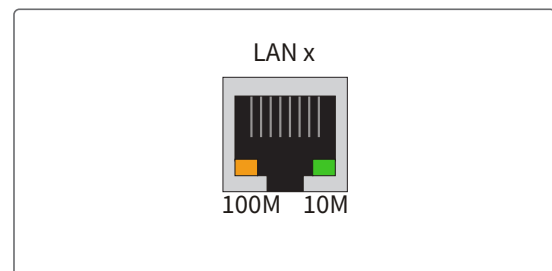
11.6 10 MHz Frequency Output

Output Signal:	10 MHz Frequency
Signal Level:	TTL = 5 V (without load), 2.5 V (with 50 Ω load)
Rise Time:	typ. 4 ns
Fall Time:	typ. 4 ns
Connection Type:	BNC Female
Cable:	Coaxial Cable, Shielded



11.7 10/100BASE-T Network Port

Signal:	100BASE-T
Data Transmission Rate:	10/100 Mbit/s
Connector Type:	8P8C (RJ45)
Cable:	Copper Twisted Pair
Duplex Modes:	Half/Full/Autonegotiaton



12 Technical Appendix

12.1 Technical Specifications: LANTIME Chassis

Chassis Type: 19" Multipac Chassis, 1U

Chassis Material: Sheet Steel

Power Consumption:

Standard Configuration: Max. 20 W
(Max. 50 W dependent on additional I/O options)

Temperature Range

Ambient
Temperature: 0 °C to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F)

Storage
Temperature: -20 °C to 70 °C (-4 °F to 158 °F)

Relative Humidity

Operation: Max. 95 % (non-condensing) at 40 °C (104 °F)

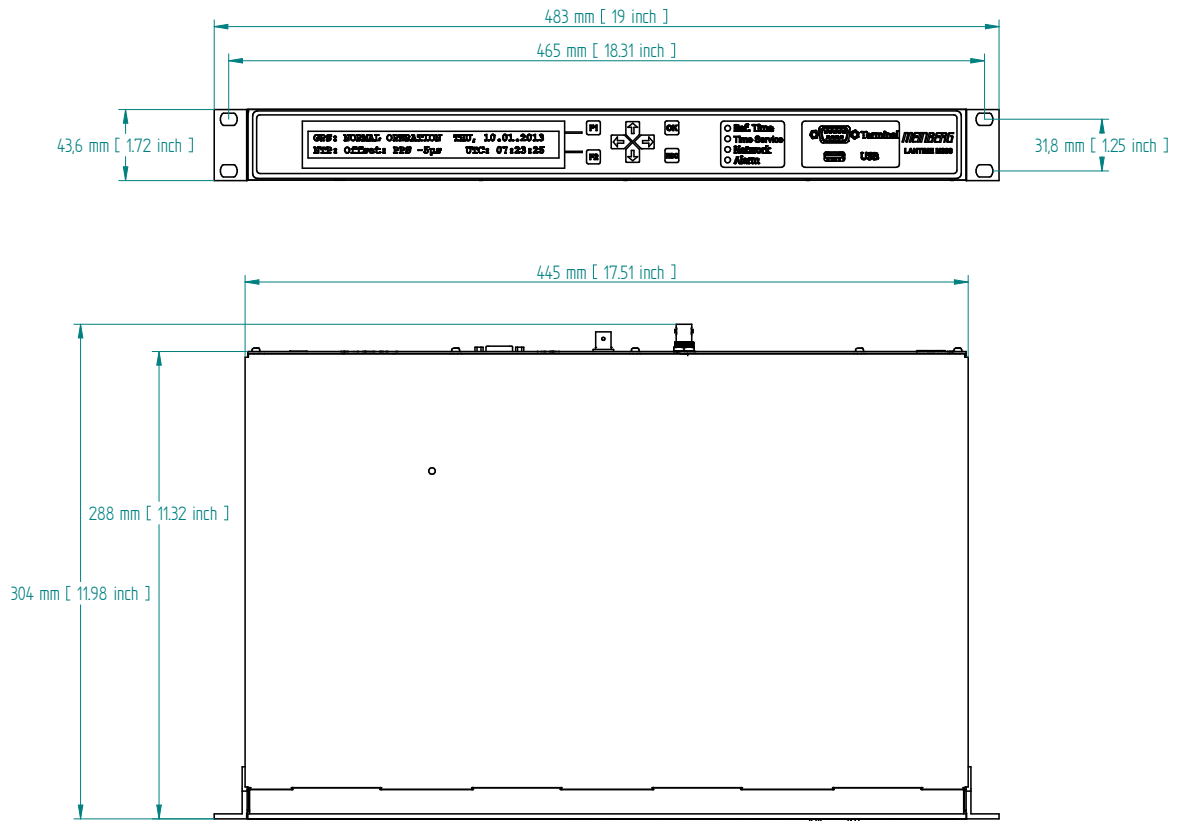
Operating Altitude

Operation: Max. 4,000 m (13123 ft) (Above Sea Level)

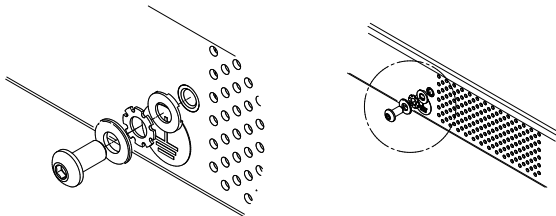
Acoustic Emissions: 0 dB (A)

IP Rating: IP30

Chassis Dimensions



External Ground Conductor Terminal on Chassis

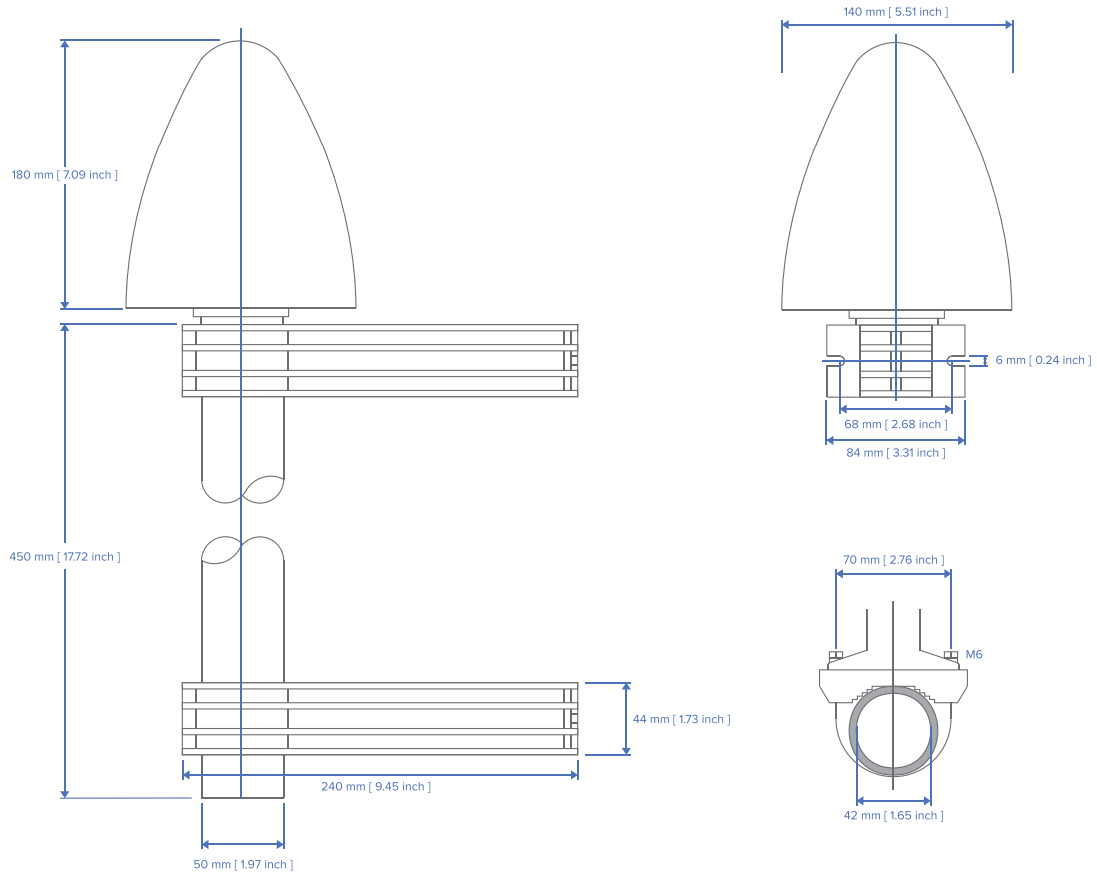


Information:

For information on how to mount the earth cable, see chapter [Connecting Your LANTIME System](#)

12.2 Technical Specifications: GPS Antenna and Accessories

Physical Dimensions:



Specifications:

Power Supply:	15 V, 100 mA (provided via antenna cable)	
Reception Frequency:	1575.42 MHz	
Bandwidth:	9 MHz	
Frequencies:	Mixed Frequency	10 MHz
	IF frequency:	35.4 MHz
Connector:	Type-N Female	
Form Factor:	ABS Plastic Case for Outdoor Installation	
IP Rating:	IP66	
Humidity:	95 %	
Temperature Range:	-60 °C to +80 °C (-76 °F to 176 °F)	
Weight:	1.6 kg (3.53 lbs), including mounting kit	

12.3 Technical Specifications: MBG S-PRO Surge Protector

Adapter plug with replaceable gas discharge tube for coaxial signal connections.

Connector Type: Type-N connector female/female. The MBG S-PRO set includes a surge protector (Phoenix CN-UB-280DC-BB), a pre-assembled coaxial cable, and a mounting bracket.

The coaxial cable surge protector must be installed on the antenna line. The shielding is grounded using a conductor that is short as possible. The CN-UB-280DC-BB is equipped with two Type-N female connectors and has no dedicated input/output polarity and no preferred installation orientation.



Phoenix CN-UB-280DC-BB

Features:

- High RF Performance
- Multiple Strike Capability
- 20 kA Surge Protection
- Bidirectional Protection

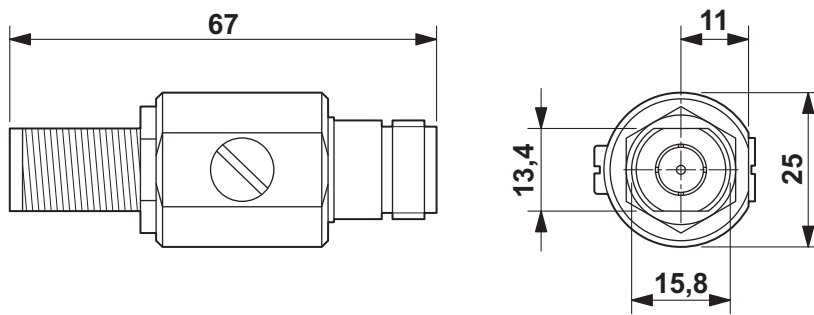
Installation Method:	Connector Type-Specific Adapter Plug	
Direction of Action:	Line Shield/Earth Ground	
Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage:	UC (Wire-Ground) 195 V AC	280 V DC
Rated Current:	I_N	5 A (25 °C)
Effective Operating Current:	I_C at UC	$\leq 1 \mu\text{A}$
Rated Discharge Current:	I_n (8/20) μs (Core-Earth) I_n (8/20) μs (Core-Shield)	20 kA 20 kA
Total Surge Current:	(8/20) μs (10/350) μs	20 kA 2.5 kA

Max. Discharge Current:	I_{\max} (8/20) μ s Maximum (Core-Shield)	20 kA
Rated Pulse Current:	I_{an} (10/1000) μ s (Core-Shield)	100 A
Impulse Discharge Current:	(10/350) μ s, Peak Value I_{imp}	2.5 kA
Output Voltage Limit:	At 1 kV/ μ s (Core-Earth) spike At 1 kV/ μ s (Core-Earth) spike	\leq 900 V \leq 900 V
Response Time:	tA (Core-Earth) tA (Core-GND)	\leq 100 ns \leq 100 ns
Input Attenuation:	aE, asym.	Typically 0.1 dB (\leq 1.2 GHz) Typically 0.2 dB (\leq 2.2 GHz)
Cut-Off Frequency:	f_g (3 dB), asym. (Shield) in 50 Ω System	$>$ 3 GHz
Standing Wave Ratio:	VSWR in a 50 Ω System	Typically 1.1 (\leq 2 GHz)
Permissible HF Power:	P_{\max} at VSWR = xx (50 Ω System)	700 W (VSWR = 1.1) 200 W (VSWR = ∞)
Capacitance:	(Core-Earth) Asymmetric (Shield)	Typically 1.5 pF Typically 1.5 pF
Surge Current Resistance:	(Core-Earth)	C1 - 1 kV/500 A C2 - 10 kV/5 kA C3 - 100 A D1 - 2.5 kA
Ambient Temperature:	(During Operation)	-40 °C ... 80 °C
Supported Altitude:		\leq 2000 m (above sea level)
IP Rating:		IP55
Housing Material:		Nickel-Plated Brass Colored Nickel
Dimensions:		Height 25 mm, Width 25 mm, Depth 67 mm
Connection Type:	IN OUT	Type-N Connector 50 Ω Type-N Connector, Female Type-N Connector, Female
Standards/Regulations:		IEC 61643-21 2000 + A1:2008 EN 61643-21 2001 + A1:2009

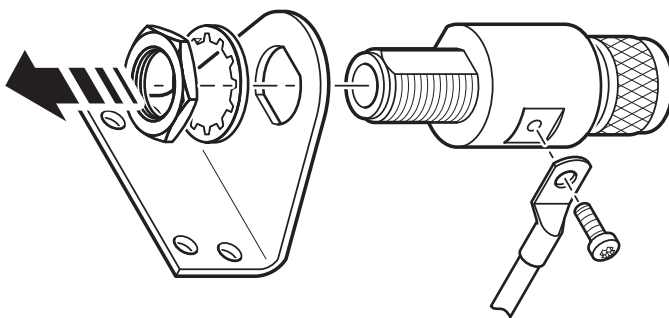
The original product page of the supplier (see link) of the CN-UB-280DC-BB surge protector is the source of the specifications above. Please refer to the manufacturer's product page at the following link for detailed specifications as well as a variety of product-specific documents:

<https://www.phoenixcontact.com/online/portal/gb/?uri=pxc-oc-itemdetail:pid=2818850>

12.3.1 MBG S-PRO: Physical Dimensions



12.3.2 Installation and Grounding



12.4 Technical Specifications: Antenna Cable

The table below shows which coaxial cable types and lengths are supported by Meinberg for each of the receiver types. If you need to purchase a replacement cable at any time, please refer to this table to ensure that you select cable with suitable cutoff frequency and attenuation properties.

Cable Type	Cable Diameter (mm/in)	Attenuation at 100 MHz (db)/100 m/328 ft	Max. Cable Length (m/ft)	Used for Receiver Type
RG58/CU	5/0.2	17	300/984	GPS/GNS-UC/DCF/PZF
RG213	10.3/0.41	7	700/2297	GPS/GNS-UC
H155	5.4/0.21	9.1	70/230	GNM/GNS
H2010 Ultraflex	7.3/0.29	5.8	150/492	GNM/GNS

Please refer to the data sheet of the cable in question for further specifications.

12.5 How Satellite Navigation Works

The use of a receiver for location tracking and time synchronization relies on the ability to measure the satellite-to-receiver propagation delay as precisely as possible. It is necessary to have simultaneous reception from four satellites so that the receiver can determine its relative spatial position in three dimensions (x , y , z) and measure the deviation of its clock against the system clock. Monitoring stations around the planet track the orbital trajectory of the satellites and detect deviations between the local atomic clocks and the system time. The collected data is transmitted up to the satellites, which then send navigation data back to Earth.

The high-precision trajectory data of each satellite, known as the satellite's ephemeris, is needed by the receiver to continuously calculate the precise location of the satellites in space. A roughly defined ephemeridal schedule based on empirical data, referred to as an almanac, is used by a receiver to identify which satellites are visible above the horizon given a specific location and time. Each satellite transmits its own ephemeridal schedule as well as the almanacs of all existing satellites.

Satellite Systems

GPS was installed by the United States Department of Defense (US DoD) and operates at two performance levels: the Standard Positioning Service, or SPS, and the Precise Positioning Service, or PPS. The structure of the messages transmitted by the SPS has been openly published and reception is provided for public use. The timing and navigation data of the more precise PPS is encrypted and is thus only accessible to certain (usually military) users.

GLONASS was originally developed by the Russian military for real-time navigation and ballistic missile guidance systems. GLONASS satellites also send two types of signal: a Standard Precision Signal (SP) and an encrypted High Precision Signal (HP).

BeiDou is a Chinese satellite navigation system. The second-generation system, officially referred to as the BeiDou Navigation Satellite System (BDS) and also known as "COMPASS", consists of 35 satellites. BeiDou entered service in December 2011 with ten satellites and was made available to users in the Asia-Pacific region. The system was completed in June 2020 with the launch of the final satellite.

Galileo is an in-development global European satellite navigation and time reference system controlled by a civilian authority (European Union Agency for the Space Programme, EUSPA). Its purpose is the worldwide delivery of high-precision navigation data and is similarly structured to the American GPS, Russian GLONASS and Chinese BeiDou systems. The main differences in the systems lie in their approaches to frequency usage & modulation and the satellite constellation.

12.5.1 Time Zones and Daylight Saving Time

GPS System Time is a linear timescale that was synchronized with the international UTC timescale (Coordinated Universal Time) when the satellite system became operational in 1980. Since it has entered service, however, several leap seconds have been introduced to the UTC timescale to adjust UTC time to irregularities in the Earth's rotation. While GPS System Time deviates from UTC time by several seconds for this very reason, satellite messages do incorporate the number of seconds by which these timescales deviate from one another, allowing GPS receivers to be synchronized internally with the international UTC timescale.

The receiver's microprocessor can identify any time zone based on UTC time and automatically apply Daylight Saving Time adjustments over several years if so configured by the user.

13 RoHS Conformity

Conformity with EU Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS)

We hereby declare that this product is compliant with the European Union Directive 2011/65/EU and its delegated directive 2015/863/EU "Restrictions of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment".

We warrant that our electrical and electronic products sold in the EU do not contain lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs), polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs), bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalat (DEHP), benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP), dibutyl phthalate (DBP), or diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) above the legal limits.



EU-Declaration of Conformity

Doc ID: LANTIME M320/GPS–November 30, 2022

Diese EU-Konformitätserklärung umfasst alle nachfolgend aufgeführten Gerätekonfigurationen:
This UKCA Declaration of Conformity further covers all the device configurations listed below:

LANTIME

- M320/GPS/AD10
- M320/GPS/AD10-AD10
- M320/GPS/AD10-DC20
- M320/GPS/DC20
- M320/GPS/DC20-DC20
- M320/GPS/LNE/AD10
- M320/GPS/LNE/AD10-AD10
- M320/GPS/LNE/AD10-DC20
- M320/GPS/LNE/DC20
- M320/GPS/LNE/DC20-DC20
- M320/GPS/2LNE/AD10
- M320/GPS/2LNE/AD10-AD10
- M320/GPS/2LNE/AD10-DC20
- M320/GPS/2LNE/DC20
- M320/GPS/2LNE/DC20-DC20

Bad Pyrmont, den November 30, 2022


Stephan Meinberg
Production Manager

15 Declaration of Conformity for Operation in the United Kingdom

UKCA Declaration of Conformity

Doc ID: LANTIME M320/GPS-November 30, 2022

Manufacturer Meinberg Funkuhren GmbH & Co. KG
Lange Wand 9
31812 Bad Pyrmont
Germany

declares that the product

Product Designation LANTIME M320/GPS

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the following standards and provisions of the following regulations under British law:

Radio Equipment Regulations 2017 (as amended) <i>SI 2017/1206</i>	ETSI EN 303 413 V1.2.1 (2021-04)
Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 (as amended) <i>SI 2016/1091</i>	ETSI EN 301 489-1 V2.2.3 (2019-11) ETSI EN 301 489-19 V2.2.1 (2022-09) EN IEC 61000-6-2:2019 EN IEC 61000-6-3:2021 EN 55032:2015/AC:2016/A11:2020/A1:2020 EN 55035:2017/A11:2020
Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 (as amended) <i>SI 2016/1101</i>	EN IEC 62368-1:2020/A11:2020
The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012 (as amended) <i>SI 2012/3032</i>	EN IEC 63000:2018

UKCA Declaration of Conformity

Doc ID: LANTIME M320/GPS–November 30, 2022

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- M320/GPS/AD10
- M320/GPS/AD10-AD10
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- M320/GPS/DC20
- M320/GPS/DC20-DC20
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- M320/GPS/LNE/AD10-AD10
- M320/GPS/LNE/AD10-DC20
- M320/GPS/LNE/DC20
- M320/GPS/LNE/DC20-DC20
- M320/GPS/2LNE/AD10
- M320/GPS/2LNE/AD10-AD10
- M320/GPS/2LNE/AD10-DC20
- M320/GPS/2LNE/DC20
- M320/GPS/2LNE/DC20-DC20

Bad Pyrmont, Germany, dated November 30, 2022


Stephan Meinberg
Production Manager